

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dynamico[™] 1015

Section 1. Product and company identification

GHS product identifier	: Dynamico™ 1015
Product type	: Liquid.
Product code	: VG-000721
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-03-11
Date of previous issue	: 2019-08-16
Version	: 1.02
Use of the substance/mixture	
Petrochemical industry: Fuel additive.	
Supplier/Manufacturer	: Innospec Fuel Specialties LLC 8310 South Valley Highway Suite 350 Englewood CO, 80112 USA
Telephone no.:	: 1-800-441-9547
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sdsinfo@innospecinc.com
NON-emergency enquiries	: corporatecommunications@innospecinc.com

Emergency telephone number

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for Innospec products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network



The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1. Other local contact numbers for specific language suppo	ort in	Asia Pacific are listed in	Section 16
Country information		Emergency telephone number	Location
Europe (all countries, all languages)	:	+44 (0) 1235 239 670	London, UK
Middle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English)	:	+44 (0) 1235 239 671	Lebanon
Middle East, Africa (French, Portuguese, English)	:	+44 (0) 1235 239 670	London UK
Asia Pacific (all countries except China)	:	+65 3158 1074	Singapore
China	:	+86 10 5100 3039	Beijing China
South America (all countries)	:	+1 215 207 0061	Philadelphia USA

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for Innospec products is provided by the CHEMTREC (R) Emergency Call Center based in the USA toll-free telephone numbers USA : 800 424 9300 Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands : +1 800 424 9300 In case of difficulty using the toll-free number, or for ships at sea, please call +1 703 527 3887

Section 1. Product and company identification

See section 16.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Combustible liquid. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	:	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
EC number	: Mixture.
Product code	: VG-000721

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	15 - 30	64742-94-5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	9.99 - 14.99	64742-47-8 [1174522-15-6]
Amides, C16-18 and C18-unsatd., N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	9.99 - 14.99	-
naphthalene	0.99 - 4.99	91-20-3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	0.99 - 4.99	64742-94-5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-03-11	Date of previous issue	: 2019-08-16	Version	: 1.02	3/14
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Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
•	•
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures			
Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.		
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides		

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth

emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective obtain special instructions before used have been read and understood. Do swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or monly with adequate ventilation. Wear inadequate. Do not enter storage and ventilated. Keep in the original contact compatible material, kept tightly closed heat, sparks, open flame or any other (ventilating, lighting and material han Empty containers retain product reside container.	e. Do not handle until all not get in eyes or on ski ist. Avoid release to the appropriate respirator w eas and confined spaces iner or an approved alter ed when not in use. Stor r ignition source. Use ex dling) equipment. Use o	safety precautions n or clothing. Do no environment. Use then ventilation is unless adequately mative made from a e and use away fror plosion-proof electro nly non-sparking too	ot n m rical
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-03-11 Date of previous issue	: 2019-08-16	Version : 1.02	5/14

and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for

Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours. TWA: 52 mg/m ³ , 0 times per shift, 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering : controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure : controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]
Color	: Amber.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 63.6°C (146.5°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.0493 cm ² /s (4.93 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>590 mg/m ³	4 hours
heavy arom.			Ŭ	
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rat	5 mL/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>5000 mg/m ³	8 hours
hydrotreated light			Ŭ	
, ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Fatty acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	>3000 mg/kg	-
polydiethanolamide			0.0	
naphthalene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>340 mg/m ³	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	>590 mg/m ³	4 hours
heavy arom.			, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2 mL/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rat	5 mL/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal - species unspecified	-	-	-
Fatty acid polydiethanolamide	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	5	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-
-	Eyes - Mild irritant	Mammal -	-	-	-
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-03-11 Date of pre	vious issue	: 2019-08-16	Vers	ion :1.02 8/

Section 11. Toxicological information

species unspecified	5		

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	skin	Rat	Not sensitizing
Fatty acid polydiethanolamide	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Bacteria	Negative
Fatty acid polydiethanolamide	OECD 471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative
	OECD	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	0,		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 2020-03	8-11	Date of previous issue	: 2019-08-16	Version	: 1.02	9/14
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates (ATE)

Route	ATE value
Oral	20216.1 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Fatty acid polydiethanolamide	Acute EC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1 to 10 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.01 to 0.1 mg/l	Daphnia	21 days
naphthalene	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 days
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	69 % - Rea	dily - 28 days	-		-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-		-		Inherer Readily	
Fatty acid polydiethanolamide Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-		-		Readily Inherer	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	<100	low
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	6 to 8	-	high
naphthalene	3.3	>100	low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	2.8 to 6.5	<100	low

Mobility in soil

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-03-11	Date of previous issue	: 2019-08-16	Version : 1.02	11/14
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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ANTT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ				
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082				
UN proper shipping name	SUBSTÂNCIA QUE APRESENTA RISCO PARA O MEIO AMBIENTE, LÍQUIDA, N.E. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., Fatty amide derivative.)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., Fatty amide derivative.)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom., Fatty amide derivative.)				
Transport hazard class(es)	9						
Packing group	111	Ш	Ш				
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.				
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Special provisions</u> 274, 331, 335, 375 <u>Risk number</u> 90	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-F <u>Special provisions</u> 274, 335, 969	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6. 1.1 and 5.0.2.8. Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964. Cargo Aircraft Only: 450 L. Packaging instructions: 964.				
Date of issue/Date of rev	Date of issue/Date of revision : 2020-03-11 Date of previous issue : 2019-08-16 Version : 1.02 12/1						

Section 14. Transport information

Passer Packag	d Quantities - nger Aircraft: 30 kg. ging instructions: Y964. al provisions A97, A197
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Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Ingredient name	List name	Status	
PAHs	POPs - Annex 3	Listed	

International lists

Hatam

National inventory		
Australia inventory (AICS)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC)	1	All components are listed or exempted.
EU Inventory Japan inventory (ENCS)	:	All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory (KECI)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	1	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	÷	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan inventory (TCSI)	:	All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-03-11	Date of previous issue	: 2019-08-16	Version	: 1.02	13/14
Version	: 1.02					
Date of previous issue	: 2019-08-16					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 2020-03-11					
Date of printing	: 2020-03-12					
History						

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,
	1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.