

# Safety Data Sheet ECOCLEAN® 4100 oi2

#### Product and company identification 1.

: ECOCLEAN® 4100 oi2 **Product name** 

Petrochemical industry: Fuel additive. Material uses

Internal code FS-000276 IFS0758 System code Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2021 8/24/2017 Date of previous issue **Version** : 1.13

**Supplier** : Innospec Fuel Specialties LLC

8310 South Valley Highway

Suite 350 Englewood CO, 80112 **USA** 

Information contact : 1-800-441-9547

e-mail address of person responsible

for this SDS

Farsi)

: sdsinfo@innospecinc.com

**NON-emergency enquiries** : corporatecommunications@innospecinc.com

#### **Emergency telephone number**

In USA, Canada and North America, 24 hour / 7 day emergency information for our product is provided by the **CHEMTREC®** Emergency Call Center based in the USA

**Country information** : Emergency telephone number

USA, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands : +1 800 424 9300 : +1 703 527 3887 In case of difficulties, or for ships at sea

In Europe, Middle East, Africa, Asia Pacific and South America 24 hour / 7 day emergency response for our products is provided by the NCEC CARECHEM 24 global network



The main regional centres are listed here in Section 1.

Other local contact numbers for specific language support in Asia Pacific are listed in Section 16

**Country information** : Emergency telephone number Location

South America (all countries) +1 215 207 0061 Philadelphia USA

Brazil +55 11 3197 5891 Brazil Mexico +52 555 004 8763 Mexico Europe (all countries) Middle East, Africa (French, Portuguese, English) +44 (0) 1235 239 670 London, UK : +44 (0) 1235 239 671 London, UK

Middle East, Africa (Arabic, French, English, Portuguese,

Asia Pacific (all countries except China) +65 3158 1074

Singapore 400 120 6011 China Beijing China

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### **GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 





### Signal word

: Danger

#### **Hazard statements**

: H227 - Combustible liquid.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapor.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

### Response

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P340, P312 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

### **Storage**

: P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 - Keep cool.

### **Disposal**

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

## Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

### **Target organs**

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: blood, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS), eye, lens or cornea.

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

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### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	60 - 100	64742-94-5
naphthalene	4.99 - 9.99	91-20-3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	0.99 - 4.99	95-63-6
Proprietary	Proprietary	-

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

#### **Additional information**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove dentures if any. Wash out mouth with water. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact** 

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** 

: No specific data.

**Inhalation** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact** 

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Flash point

: Closed cup: 63.5°C (146.3°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 52 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  STEL: 15 ppm, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  STEL: 75 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 10 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 50 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).  TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 123 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 25 ppm, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.  TWA: 125 mg/m³, 0 times per shift, 10 hours.
Proprietary	AlHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer.  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

### **Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

### **Skin protection**

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Amber.

Odor : Aromatic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

PH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

**ing point** : Not available.

**Boiling point** 

: Lowest known value: 168.01°C (334.4°F) (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene). Weighted average:

196.06°C (384.9°F)

Flash point

: Closed cup: 63.5°C (146.3°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

**Evaporation rate** 

: 0.05 (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.) compared with butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas)

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

: Greatest known range: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy

(flammable) limits

atom.)

Vapor pressure

: Highest known value: 0.1 kPa (0.8 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.).

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density : Highest known value: 4.6 to 5.5 (Air = 1) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.).

Weighted average: 5.04 (Air = 1)

: 0.923 [ASTM D 4052] **Specific gravity** 

**Density** : 7.69 lbs/gal

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water, hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

: Lowest known value: 425°C (797°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.).

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

**Viscosity** 

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.1 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (10 cSt)

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

The product is stable.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	>2000 mg/kg
naphthalene	-	Rat	LC50 Inhalation	>340 mg/m³
·			Vapor	
	-	Rabbit	LD50 Dermal	>2000 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Dermal	>2500 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	490 mg/kg
Proprietary	-	Rat	LD50 Dermal	1260 mg/kg
	-	Rat	LD50 Oral	2100 to 3990 mg/kg

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
Proprietary	-	Rabbit	LOAEL Oral	43 mg/kg 50 mg/kg

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant
,	-	Mammal - species unspecified	Eyes - Mild irritant
Proprietary	-	Rabbit	Eyes Moderate irritant
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Severe irritant

### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Proprietary	-	Guinea pig	Sensitizing -

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Proprietary	-	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

### **Carcinogenicity**

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result	Dose
Proprietary	-	Mammal - species unspecified	-	Oral: 970 NOAEL
	-	Mammal - species unspecified	-	Dermal: 161 NOAEL

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

### **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
heavy arom.			
	Acute EC50 3 to 10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
naphthalene	Acute EC50 1.96 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
·	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 1.6 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 7.72 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Proprietary	Acute EC50 6.8 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
, ,	Acute EC50 24.1 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 420 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.5 mg/l	Algae	-

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Inherent
heavy arom. Proprietary	-	-	Not readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	2.9 to 6.1	130 to 159	low
heavy arom.			
naphthalene	3.3	>100	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	4.09	275	low
Proprietary	-3.16	-	low

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	<b>DOT Classification</b>	IMDG	IATA
UN number	NA1993	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Marine pollutant (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.) RQ (naphthalene)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.). Marine pollutant (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.)
Transport hazard class(es)	Combustible liquid.	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	Mon-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids, that are marine pollutants, are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity, unless transported by vessel.  This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a.  Reportable quantity 1710.4 lbs / 776.54 kg [222.25 gal / 841.32 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.  Limited quantity Yes.  Packaging instruction  Exceptions: 150. Non-bulk: 203. Bulk: 241.  Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 60 L. Cargo	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.  Emergency schedules F-A, S-F  Special provisions 274, 335, 969	

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### Section 14. Transport information

aircraft: 220 L. Special provisions 148, IB3, T1, TP1

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: naphthalene

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs) SARA 302/304** 

: Listed

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements			4.99 - 9.99 0.99 - 4.99
Supplier notification			4.99 - 9.99 0.99 - 4.99

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE; PSEUDOCUMENE

**New York** : The following components are listed: Naphthalene

: The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE; MOTH FLAKES; **New Jersey** 

PSEUDOCUMENE; 1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE; PSEUDOCUMENE

California Prop. 65 : WARNING: This product can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State

of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level	Contains : ppm (or %)
<b>p</b> ∕aphthalene	Yes.	No.	Yes.		<9.8

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Ingredient name	List name	Status
<b>P</b> AHs	POPs - Annex 3	Listed

#### **International lists**

**National inventory** 

**Australia inventory (AICS)** 

**Canada inventory** 

China inventory (IECSC)

**Europe inventory** 

Japan inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

: Jápan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory (ISHL)**: All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)** 

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)** 

**Korea inventory (KECI)** 

**Taiwan inventory (TCSI)** 

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** 

: All components are listed or exempted.

All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

Our REACH (pre-) registrations DO NOT cover the following:

- 1. The manufacture of these products by our company outside the EU unless covered by the Only Representative provisions, and
- 2. The importation of these products into Europe by other companies. Re-importation by other companies is not covered by our (pre-) registrations Customers and other third parties importing and/or re-importing our products into Europe will need either:
- Their own (pre-) registration for substances contained in the imported product, or constituent monomers (imported above 1 tonne per year and >2% by weight) in the case of imported polymers, or
- In the case of importation only, to make use of the "Only Representative" provisions, if available

## Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**

### **Section 16. Other information**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### **History**

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revision

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the

Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.